

Maritime GHG emissions and the IMO initiatives to support developing countries

COP 26 - Glasgow - 10 November 2021



The Global MTCC Network (GMN) project is funded by the European Union and implemented by IMO

The views expressed in this presentation can in no way be taken to reflect the views of the European Union



The International Maritime Organization (IMO)



UN specialized agency with responsibility for the safety and security of shipping and the prevention of marine and atmospheric pollution by ships



IMO regulates over **50,000** merchant ships trading worldwide

HQ in London



Assist developing countries improve their ability to comply with international rules and standards



174 Member States & 3 associated members

143 observer organizations (IGOs and NGOs)

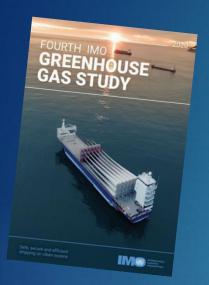


IMO stands for safe, secure and efficient shipping on cleaner oceans



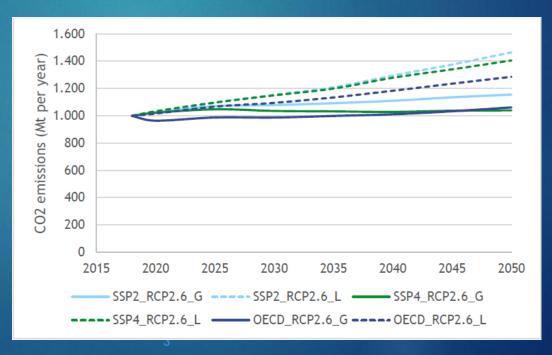


Context: shipping & GHG emissions

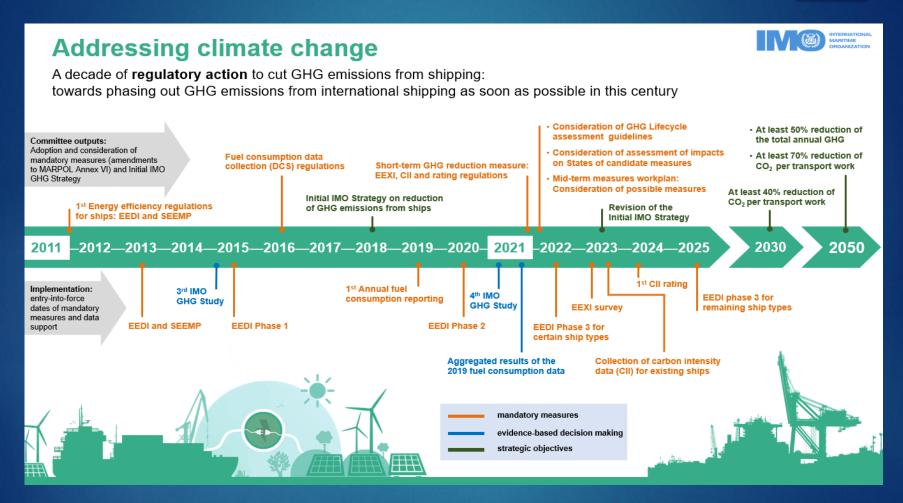


- The share of shipping emissions in global anthropogenic emissions has increased from 2.76% in 2012 to 2.89% in 2018
- Demand is the key driver for growth in emissions
- Emission projections: under Business-as-usual scenarios, 2050 emissions from shipping are expected to represent between 90% and 130% of 2008 emissions





A decade of IMO regulatory action to reduce GHG emissions from shipping



See: https://www.imo.org/en/MediaCentre/HotTopics/Pages/Cutting-GHG-emissions.aspx



Supporting implementation: technical assistance and capacity building













Promoting Inclusive Innovation
Through Demonstration Projects
& Knowledge Platforms











The Global MTCC Network (GMN) project

- EU and IMO partnership project launched in 2016
- Focused upon reducing GHG emissions from the shipping sector and supporting IMO's Initial GHG Reduction Strategy – LDCs & SIDS

 A network of 5 Maritime Technology Cooperation Centre's (MTCC's) established in - Africa, Asia, Caribbean, Latin America and Pacific









GMN Concept



- A more sustainable approach
- Institutionalization of capacity building and technology cooperation
- The need to create long term solutions
- Creating centre's of excellence inregion

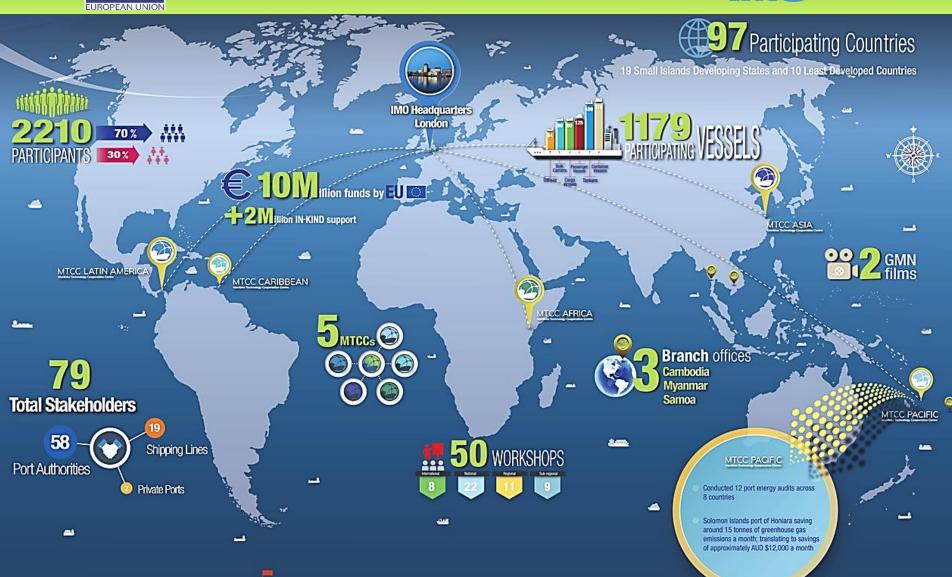






Achievements





May

Spotlight: MTCC Caribbean



IMTCC CARIBBEAN
Maritime Technology Cooperation Centre

MTCC Caribbean's Pilot Project and Action Items

Pilot 1

Uptake of ship energy efficient technologies and operations.



Created a baseline of existing technologies and best practices utilized on-board vessels trading in the Caribbean Area between 2017-2018.



Highlights the main energy consumers on board and the emissions abatement measures currently used in the region.



Pilot 2

Fuel consumption data collection and reporting in line with IMO regulations.



Established a voluntary fuel consumption data reporting system to aid regional administration.

Provides a baseline of the fuel consumption and estimated GHG emissions for ships trading in the Caribbean region.



Facilitates technology uptake based on a cost benefit analysis



Compile and communicate data to the IMO

Impact

- A basis for setting targets and ensuring accountability to relevant stakeholders
- Allows informed decision making on investments
- Increased awareness amongst regional stakeholders
- Will assist in the development of a consistent regional approach

Spotlight: MTCC Pacific





Data collection







Data on fuel oil consumption allow calculation of the Energy Efficiency Operational Indicator (EEOI) which guide operational measures to

Energy-efficient ships

000

Polynésie

%

Rolling out the implementation of Ship Energy

Efficiency Management Plans (SEEMPs)

- Introduced in the national workshops
- · 26 ship operators and 39 vessels in total
- 39 vessels visited: 36 vessel SEEMPs drafted
- · Integrated with Safe Operational Plan through SPC's Pacific Islands Domestic Ship Safety (PIDSS) Programme

Uptake of new technologies and operations on board

- Domestic vessel from Fiji was chosen as the 'Leader-Ship' a 45 m marine landing craft, capacity 25 passengers, cargo 200 tonnes
- The 'Leader-Ship' is leading the way with new technologies
- · Beginning with on-board hybrid/solar system trials

Capacity building activities





| Fiji | 24-26 October '17 | 24 | 3 |
|------------------|--------------------|----|---|
| Solomon Islands | 13–15 February '18 | 13 | 4 |
| Vanuatu | 27–29 March '18 | 25 | 8 |
| Tuvalu | 9–11 May '18 | 18 | |
| Samoa | 12-14 June '18 | 17 | 2 |
| Kiribati | 18-25 June '18 | 27 | 5 |
| Marshall Islands | 20-21 August '18 | 27 | 6 |
| Cook Islands | 15-17 April'19 | 13 | 4 |

Energy-efficient ports

- Conducted 12 port energy audits across 8 countries
- Collection of baseline data
- Advice on energy savings to reduce GHG emissions from port operations







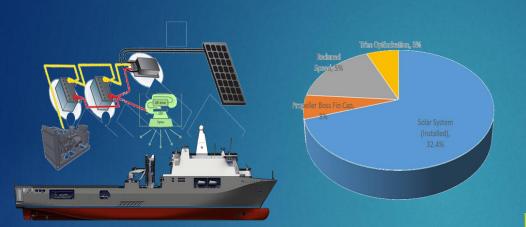
Regional conference

Capacity building activities

Reference Energy audits of ports

PILOT PROJECT - VANUATU

The projects demonstrate the application of maritime solar energy in PICTs vessels with the view of reducing greenhouse gas emissions and progress low-carbon development in the Pacific maritime transport



| Vessel Name | Tiwi Trader |
|---------------------------------|---------------|
| Vessel Type | Landing craft |
| Year Built | 1979 |
| Overall Length Gross Tonnage | 31m 172 |



| Identified Savings solar system | 32% |
|---|---------------------|
| Estimated annual cost savings | 48,000 AUD |
| Greenhouse gas emissions reduction | 101 tonnes annually |
| Payback period | 9 months |
| Additional measures | |
| + Propeller Boss Fin Cap (PBCF) | 3% |
| + operational measure (Optimised trim & speed) | 5% & 3% |
| Total projected savings | 43% |

PILOT PROJECT - SAMOA

The projects demonstrate the application of maritime solar energy in PICTs vessels with the view of reducing greenhouse gas emissions and progress low-carbon development in the Pacific maritime transport











| Vessel Name | Lady Samoa III |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| Vessel Type | Ro-Ro Passenger Ferry |
| Year Built | 1998 |
| Overall Length | 46.7m |
| Gross Tonnage | 1045 |

| Identified Savings for solar system | 17% |
|---|---------------------|
| Estimated annual cost savings | 25,000 AUD |
| Greenhouse gas emissions reduction | 135 tonnes annually |
| Payback period | 7 years |
| Additional measures | |
| + Propeller Boss Fin Cap (PBCF) | 3% |
| + shaft generator | 5% |
| + operational measure (Optimised trim & speed) | 5% & 10% |
| Total projected savings | 40% |



Port Energy Audits

Resounding success following the audits where improved energy efficiency & reduced GHG emission were observed:

-Solomon islands

Overall energy use in Honiara Port dropped 8%

-Fiji

Suva port reduced its energy consumption by 21%



What next for GMN?

1

Dissemination, capacity building and sustainability

2

Linking to R&D developments

3

Provide a platform for partnerships

GMN.imo.org















Thank You! We are open for partnerships

https://www.imo.org/en/OurWork/PartnershipsProjects/Pages/default.aspx









